The West Bengal University of Health Sciences MBBS 1st Professional Examination (New Regulation), March 2021

Subject: Physiology
Paper : II

Full Marks : 100
Time : 3 hours

Attempt all questions. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. a) Name the components of basal ganglia. With a suitable diagram outline their chief connections and functions. Briefly state the features and treatment of Parkinsonism.

2+3+3+5+2

- b) Describe the mechanism of action of growth hormone. Enumerate the factors influencing secretion of growth hormone.
- 2. a) Define pain. Describe pain pathways. Write briefly endogenous pain control mechanisms.
- b) Describe how the countercurrent mechanism in the kidney operates to produce hypertonic or hypotonic urine. Add a note on micturition reflex.

 5+5
 - c) What is menstrual cycle? Explain the ovarian changes taking place during menstrual cycle.
- 3. Write a short notes on the following:

5x2

- a) Oral contraceptive pills.
- b) Acromegaly.
- 4. Explanation the following statements:

5 x 4

- a) Older persons show presbyopia.
- b) Cryptorchids are usually causes infertility.
- c) Lactation is a natural method of contraception.
- d) Thyroid dwarfs are usually mentally retarded.
- e) Hemi section of spinal cord affects both sides of the body.
- 5. Choose the correct option of each of the following:

10x1

- i) Which of the following is true of the tubular fluid that passes through the lumen of the early distal tubule in the region of the macula densa?
 - a) It is usually isotonic
 - b) It is usually hypotonic
 - c) It is usually hypertonic
 - d) It is hypertonic in antidiuresis

P.T.O.

- ii) Which muscle is contracted as part of the pupillary light reflex? a) Ciliary muscle b) Pupillary dilator muscle c) Pupillary sphincter muscle d) Radial fibers of the iris iii) Factors that increase the secretion of human prolactin: a) Glucoae b) L-Dopa c) Sleep d) Somatostatin iv) Paradoxical sleep consists of all except: a) Rapid, low voltage EEG activity with PGO spikes. b) Slow wave EEG with sleep spindles. c) Hypotonia. d) Roving movement of eyeball. v) Vanilloid receptors are activated by a) Touch b) Pressure c) Pain d) Vibration vi) Sectioning the brainstem between superior and inferior colliculi will produce. a) Decerebrate rigidity b) Decorticate rigidity c) Clasp-knife spasticity d) Lead pipe rigidity vii) Which neurotransmitter is released by both rods and cones at their synapses with bipolar cells? a) Acetylcholine b) Dopamine
 - c) Glutamate
 - d) Serotonin
- viii) Which of the following is not an effect of efferent arteriole constriction.
 - a) Decreased GFR
 - b) Increased glomerular hydrostatic pressure
 - c) Decreased blood flow in peritubular vessels
 - d) Increased oncotic pressure in peritubular vessels

- ix) Decidual cells are found in the:
 - a) Uterus
 - b) Prostate
 - c) Placenta
 - d) Hypothalamus
 - x) In human males, testosterone is produced mainly by the
 - a) Leydig cells
 - b) Sertoli cells
 - c) Seminiferous tubules
 - d) Epididymis.