The West Bengal University of Health Sciences MBBS 2nd Professional Examination, November 2021

Subject: Microbiology

Full Marks: 40

Paper: II

Time: 2 hours

 3×4

3 x 2

Attempt all questions. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1) a) A 10 year old boy, residing in a rural area with low socioeconomic status attended to the OPD with complaints of indigestion, weakness and occasional pain in the abdomen. On examination he is found to be 1+3+6 anaemic with haemoglobin level 8 gm/dl. i) Name the helminths causing such clinical condition. ii) Discuss the pathogenesis of such disease.
 - iii) How do you proceed to establish laboratory diagnosis.
 - b) A 45 year old man, truck driver lay profession presents to the medicine OPD with unexplained fever, weight loss, chronic diarrhoea of more then one month and history of exposure.
 - i) What might be the clinical condition?
 - ii) Name the agents responsible for it?
 - iii) Describe the approach to laboratory diagnosis of the condition.
 - iv) Enumerate the opportunistic infections that might develop in advanced stage of the disease. 2+3+2+3
- 3×4 2) Write short notes on any three of the following:
 - a) Germ tube test.
 - b) Diagnosis of dengue.
 - c) Cysticercosis.
 - d) Negribodies.
- 3) Comments on any three the following:
 - a) TORCH agent detection test is very important during pregnancy.
 - b) Virus can be cultivated in many ways.
 - c) To diagnose HIV, a single rapid test is not confirmatory.
 - d) Hook warm infection may be an important cause of anaemia in children in rural area.
- 4) Differentiate between the following:
 - a) Ring form of plasmodium vivax and falciparum.
 - b) Antigenic shift and drift.
 - c) True hyphae & pseudohyphae.